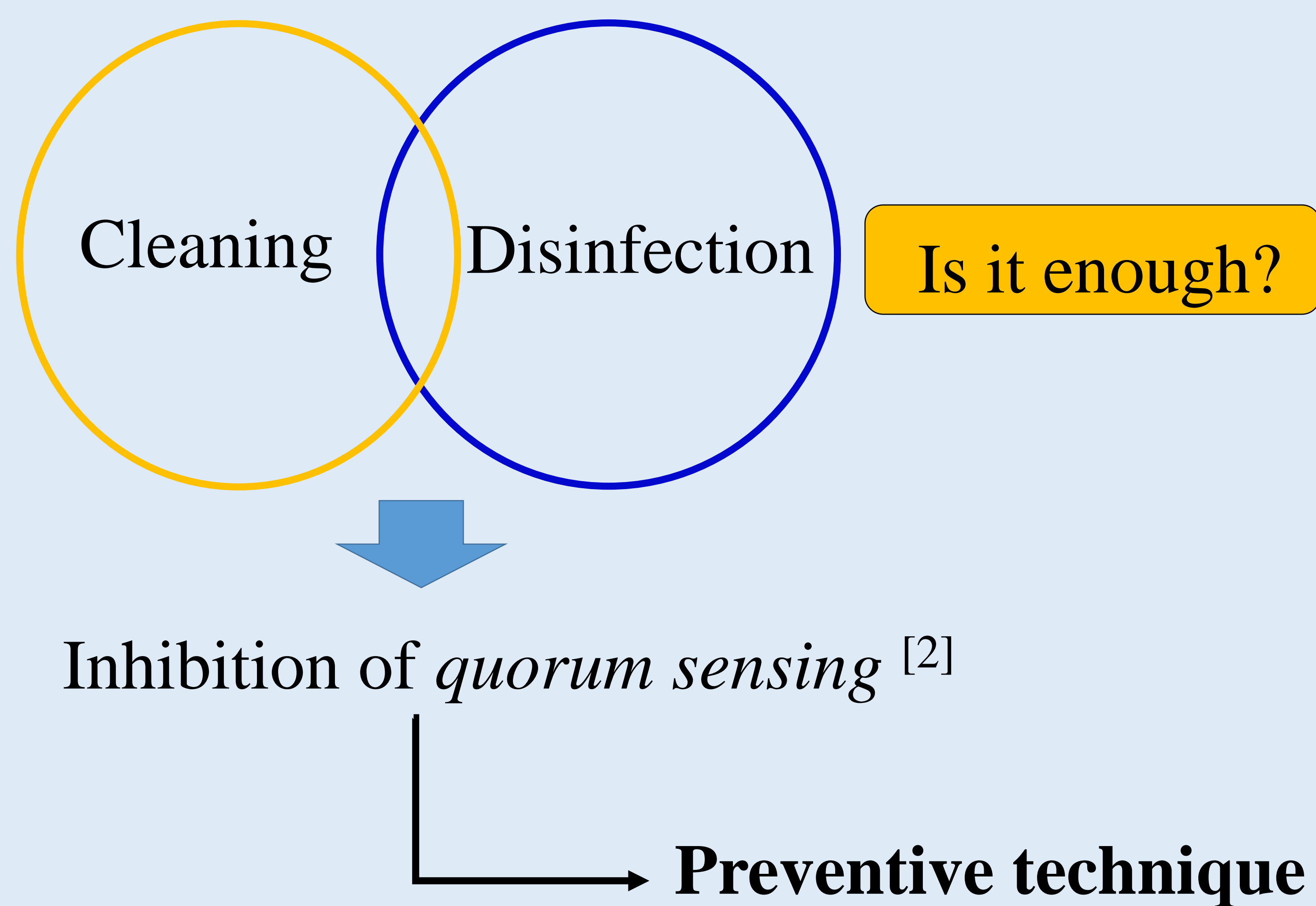


## Aims

1. To **observe** the importance of **biofilms** for the food industry, focusing on **meat and meat products**.
2. To **understand** the role of *quorum sensing* and its relation to **food spoilage**.
3. To **recognize** the importance of **cleaning and disinfection**.

## Conventional sanitation



## Conclusions

1. **Gram negative bacteria** are the main spoilage microorganisms in **meat**.
2. *Quorum sensing* has a relevant **influence** on the formation of **deterioration substances** and **food spoilage**.
3. **Conventional sanitation** is **not enough** to prevent biofilms formation and **cross-contamination**.
4. **More studies** are **needed** to develop **new effective strategies** to combat these structures and thus raise standards in **food quality**.

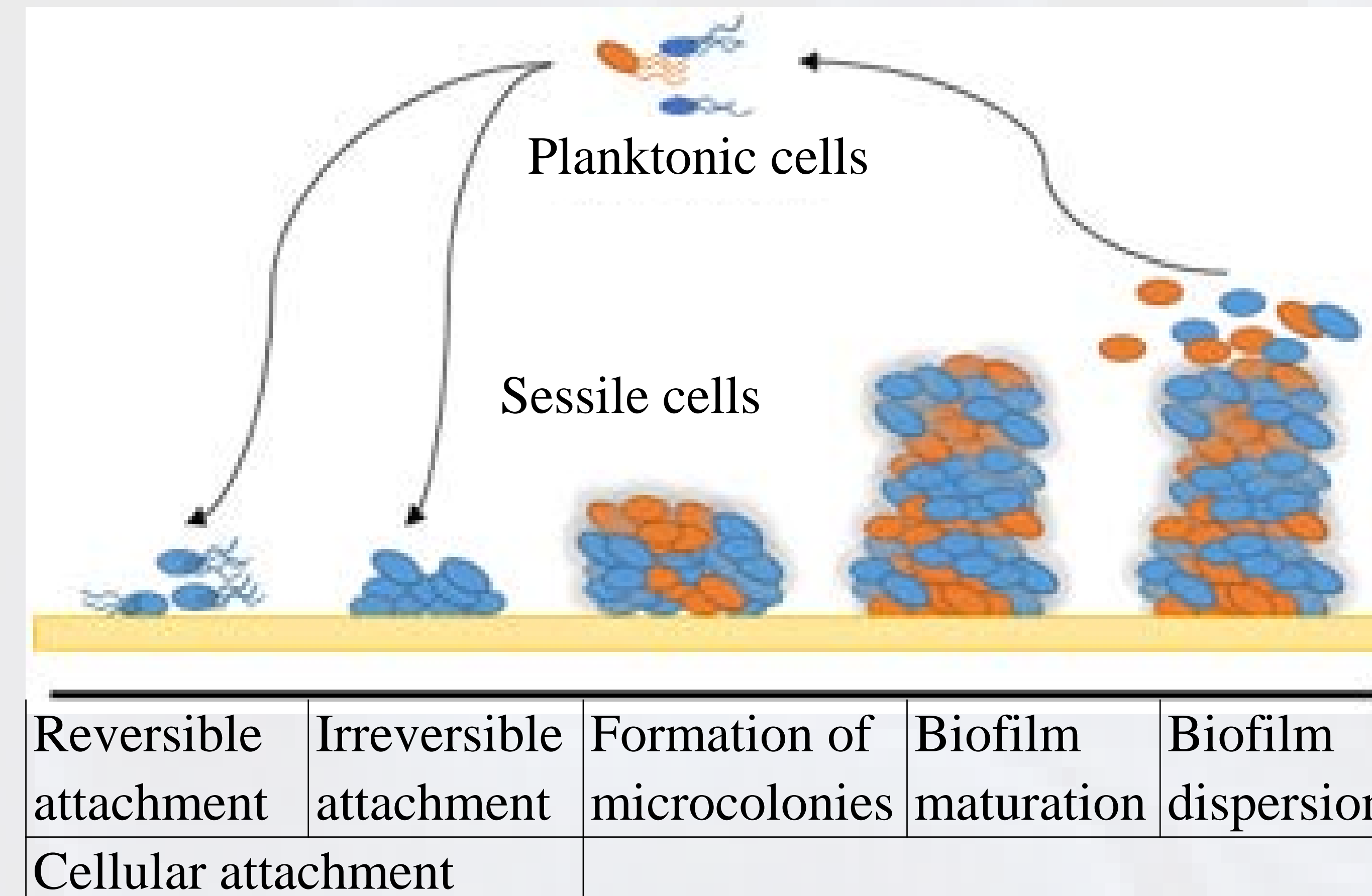
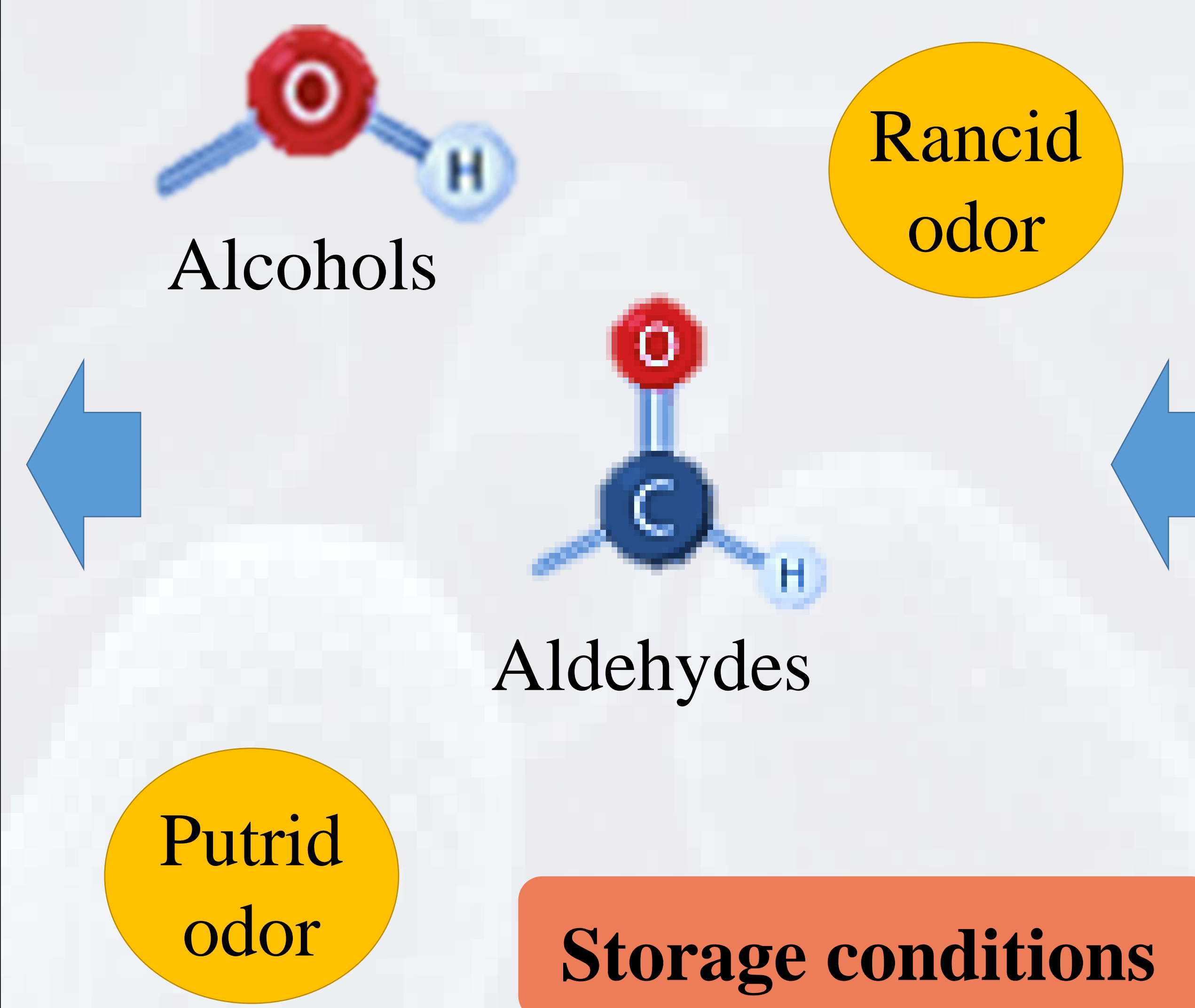


Figure 1. Process of multi species biofilm formation

## Meat and meat products <sup>[1]</sup>

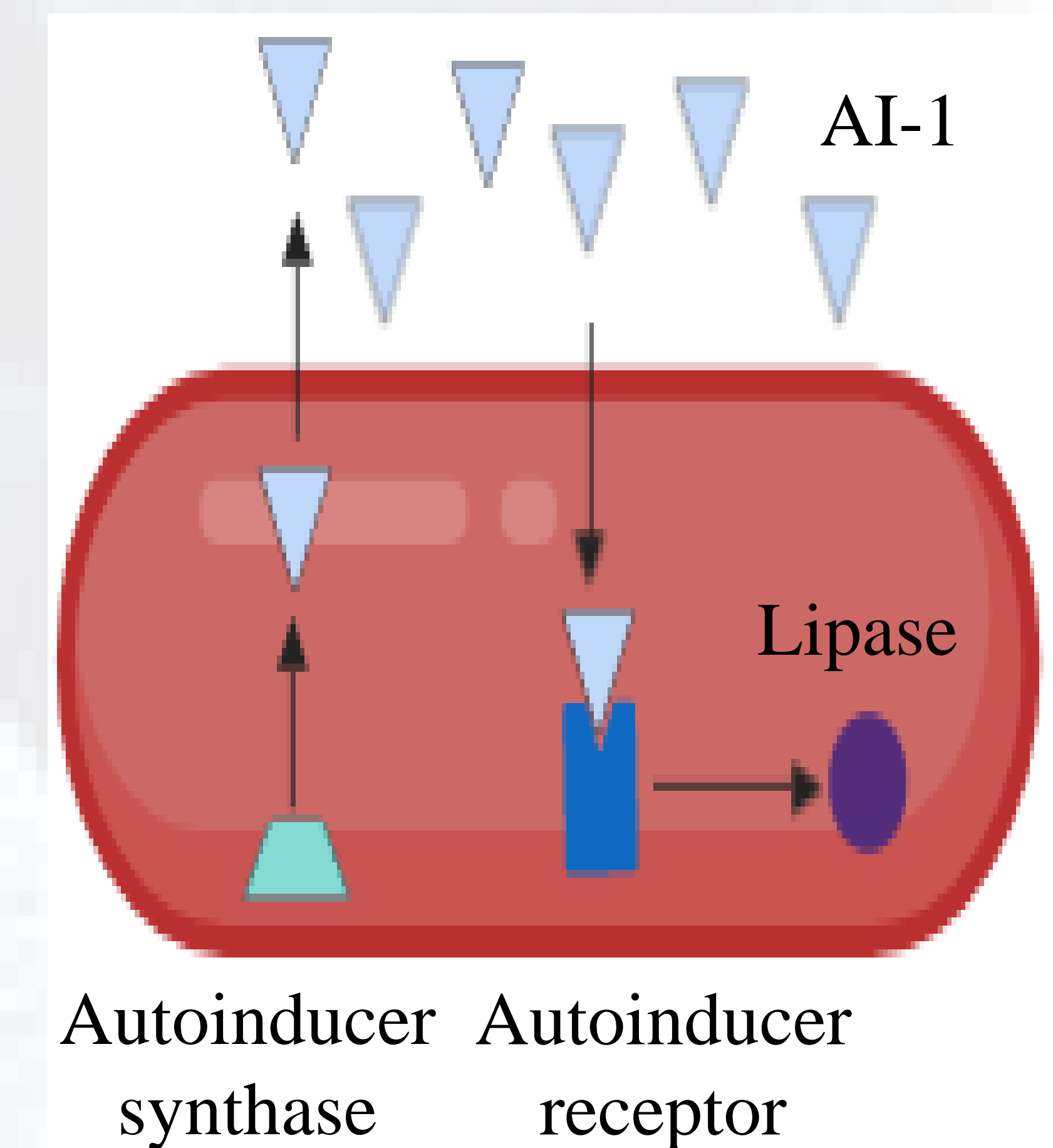
*Pseudomonas* spp.  
*Enterobacteriaceae*  
*Shewanella putrefaciens*  
Lactic acid bacteria

G -  
G +



## Quorum sensing <sup>[2]</sup>

↑ Cell density  
↓  
↑ No. of autoinducers  
↓  
Quorum threshold



## Gram negative bacteria

Figure 2. Quorum sensing system

## References

- [1] Møretrø T, Langsrud S. 2017. Residential bacteria on surfaces in the food industry and their implications for food safety and quality. Compr Rev Food Sci Food Saf. 16(5):1022–1041.
- [2] Coughlan LM, Cotter PD, Hill C, Alvarez-Ordóñez A. 2016. New weapons to fight old enemies: novel strategies for the (bio)control of bacterial biofilms in the food industry. Front Microbiol. 7:1–21.